

Legal and ethical issues

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The remit

- "...creating, curating, and using brain image banks, including research uses"
- The importance of relationships, compare:
 - Health care professional/patient
 - Researcher/participant
 - Data custodian/data subject
- Duties, rights and expectations





Creating

- Consent: valid as to informedness, voluntariness, and capacity
- Broad consent: "...to participate in research"
- Capacity: cf 'benefits' v 'best interests"
- Social licence and public engagement





Creating, capacity and research

- Mental Capacity Act 2005 and Adults with Incapacity (Scotland) Act 2000:
- Potential for real and direct benefit
- No comparative effectiveness with consent
- Informed on rights and does not object
- Necessary authorisation (proxy or committee)
- Prior wishes respected





Curating in the public interest

- Royal Society, Science as an Open Enterprise, (2012)
- "Intelligent Openness"
 - Intelligibility
 - Verifiability
 - Accessibility
- Two caveats: (i) commercial confidence, and (ii) personal privacy





Curating in the private interest

- Data Protection Act 1998 and common law duty of confidence
- Key responsibility is "data controller"
- "processing" of "personal data" identifiability is key (now or in the future)
- Consent or anonymise paradigm
- ICO's Code on Anonymisation (2012): "motivated intruder"
- "Authorisation": PAC (Sc) and CAG (Eng & Wales)





Using in the public interest

- Care Act 2014: Health Research Authority has duties to protect <u>and promote</u> ethical research
- The importance of good governance of access
- Transparency, accountability, and engagement
- Proportionate risk-based governance





Using in the private interest

- Incidental Findings: Is there a duty to disclose?
- Ethical or legal question?
- Clinical utility, nature and magnitude of threat
- Duty of Care:
 - dr/patient or researcher/participant?
 - a reasonable standard of care (relative to profession)
 - Breach of duty was cause of the harm





Consensus statement

- The role (and the limits) of consent in creating
- Broad consent + good proportionate governance
- Intelligence Openness for responsible curating
- Protection and promotion when using
- Professional role in setting and policing standards of care



